

Hopkinsville, Kentucky.

VOL. XVIII.

HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1896.

NO. 61

A Bugle Call...

To The Last "Round-up"
Of The Season

Beginning

SATURDAY, August 15,

and Continuing Two Weeks.

Clothing and Shoes

Almost Given
Away...

Watch for

Fuller Particulars...

J. H. ANDERSON & CO.

EDUCATIONAL

BETHEL FEMALE COLLEGE

HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

A ONE SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Re-organized. Ten (10) able and experienced teachers. A thorough course in Ancient and Modern Languages, English, Mathematics, Music, Science, Art and Education. Collegiate, Preparatory and Primary department. Building renovated, furniture new, electric lights. Send for Catalogue or information.

Third Session Opens Sept. 5, 1896.

EDMUND HARRISON, President.

The Last Cut-Price Sale

Of the Season Commences August 15 and Ends August 20.

We are going to offer
Some MOVING BARGAINS.

These are but a few of them and we
have many others as good.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| \$1—worth \$1.50 and \$2 | 25c—worth \$1 and \$1.50 |
| 20 pairs Mens Congress Shoes | 16 pairs Ladies' Fancy Oxfords |
| 13 pairs Mens Lace Shoes | 23 pairs Children's Slippers & Oxfords |
| 20 pairs Boys' Lace & Congress Shoes | 18 pairs Misses' Oxfords and Tans |
| \$2—worth \$2.50 to \$3 | 50c—worth \$1.50 to \$2 |
| 15 pairs Mens Cong. and Lace Shoes | 15 pairs Ladies' Oxfords |
| 12 pairs Mens Lace Shoes, cap toe | 23 pairs Ladies' Ladies' Kid Button |
| 18 pairs Boys' Lace Shoes, cap toe | 17 pairs Children's Oxfords, Bl'k, Tan |
| \$3 and \$3.50—worth \$5 | \$1—worth \$2 to \$3 |
| 85 pairs Mens' Fine Hand-sewed | 19 pairs Ladies' Oxfords |
| Shoes—Edwin Clapp make | 12 pairs Ladies' patent tip Button |
| Some go at \$3, some at \$3.50 | 15 pairs Ladies' C. S. Burton |

MONARCH SHIRTS, (colored) 50c and \$1; worth \$1.25 and \$1.50

MEN'S SHIRTS 1-4 off Regular Prices.

Come and look at our hat stock; it will pay you

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

- Ladies' 15c Black Hose, faint colors, for 10c
Ladies' 25c Black Hose, faint colors, 40 gauge, 16c, two for 35c
Ladies' 30c Black Hose, faint colors, hand-stamped, for 20c
All Tan Hose at HALF-PRICE

If you don't come you will regret it,....

PETREE & CO.

SLIP OF THE BIG BOY.

CREAM OF NEWS.

IF IT IS NEW AND TRUE THIS COLUMN
HAS IT.

A Negro and a Boy Swallow Curious Things
—Worms Destroying Tobacco—Con-
stable Named—Prisoners
Escape.

The Biggest Tobacco Crop.
Mr. J. A. Radford, of The Square, on the Clarksville pike, is the largest tobacco grower in Christian county, if not in Kentucky. This year he has in 200 acres, 100 acres of which is in one field. Up to the time the worms began their ravages he cultivated the crop with eleven hands, but he now has employed 75 hands, and the worms. In one field he has 30 negro men in one squad of workmen, while the others are divided up into smaller forces. The earlier planting is now ready for the knife and is in fine condition and a splendid crop. Many of the larger plants measure seven feet from tip to tip of the top leaves. Mr. Radford has 800 acres in his farm, and it is one of the finest tracts of land in the county.

Ben Carroll Nominated.

A Magisterial district convention for Pembroke was held in the city court room Wednesday for the purpose of nominating a Democratic candidate for constable. The convention was organized by electing J. E. Moseley chairman and R. L. Moseley secretary. Ben Carroll and John H. Rose were voted for. Perry's school house with 3 votes and Edwards Mill with 2 votes voted for Carroll and North Pembroke with 2 votes for Rose. Mr. Carroll was accordingly declared the nominee and his nomination was made unanimous.

Bolters Hold a Meeting.

A small meeting of gold standard Democrats, who propose to bolt the Democratic ticket, was held at Mosyan's Hall Tuesday night and decided to hold a meeting on the 15th to send delegates to the convention at Louisville on the 20th. Those who attended the meeting are very reticent about who was on hand and what was done. Perhaps when the county meeting is held on the 15th, the public will be able to derive some idea of the probable strength of the movement in this county.

Tryan and Sewall Club.

There will be a Democratic mass meeting at the Court House on Tuesday night, at which time a Bryan and Sewall Club will be organized and steps taken to get up a big publication meeting in the near future. The Hopkinsville Democrats are true blues and the few who bolt the ticket will be more than offset by Republicans and Populists who believe in an American financial system.

Little River Association.

Little River Baptist Association is in session this week at Hurricane Church in Trigg county. Rev. A. W. Mescham, the moderator, who announced last year he would not again accept that position, which he had held for nearly thirty years, is sick at his home near Gracy and not able to attend this year. It is likely that Capt. W. J. Stone was chosen moderator, though no news has been received from the meeting.

Three Prisoners Escape.

Three negroes, Upshaw O'Brien, Jim Green and Roy Boales, escaped from the work house guard Tuesday evening, and are still at large. The work house guard was at work on the road just East of the city when the three prisoners gave the guard the slip. Boales is serving time for robbing Josh Wright and O'Brien and Green were sent up for robbing the store of Mr. Gus Young.

Swallowed a Fence Staple.

The three-year-old son of Mr. W. T. Allen, of Pembroke, swallowed a wire fence staple Tuesday while playing in the yard. He was immediately taken to Nashville for surgical treatment and was reported doing well yesterday.

Prostrated by Heat.

Pembroke, Ky., Aug. 6.—Mr. H. R. Poore, of this place, was prostrated by the intense heat at noon today, and for a short time his friends despaired of his life, but he is now resting very well.

Remus West Getting Well.

Remus West, the negro man shot by Jack Mason, at Gracy, Saturday night, is getting well. He is at his home in this city. Mason has not yet been arrested.

New Democratic Daily for Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—W. R. Hearst, of the San Francisco Examiner, will be the financial genius of the Chicago Daily Enquirer, the new campaign paper to be started in this city August 10.

LANDS FOR JUDGE.

If No Other Candidate Appears By August 25.

The Republican committee for the First appellate district met at Princeton Tuesday, with twelve counties represented. Polk Canaler, of Hopkinsville, was elected chairman and Thos. W. Patterson, of Callaway, sec. retary.

After discussing the matter of naming a candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals, it was decided that if on the 25th of August no other candidate than Judge J. L. Landis appeared, the chairman and secretary should certify him as the nominee. If another candidate should come out, then a convention is to be called to meet in Paducah on September 15. There is some talk of Judge Clifton Pratt entering the race, but there are those who say Judge Pratt will remain where he is and draw the salary of a circuit judge for another year.

COLORED MASON.

The State Grand Lodge in session in this city.

The colored Masonic Grand Lodge of the State met in the hall of King Lodge No. 41, this city, Tuesday, with Grand Master Chas. Steel, of Georgetown, in the chair. After appointing committees a recess was taken until 1 o'clock.

At the afternoon session the Grand Master's annual address was delivered and various reports were submitted. Tuesday night a public meeting was held at the Virginia Street Baptist church. Judge J. T. Hanbery, a prominent lawyer at Paducah, in this city, delivered an address of welcome and was followed by T. H. Moore, Rev. McNeal and others. These were followed by Prof. W. H. Mayo, of Frankfort; W. H. Stewart, of Louisville, and D. G. Langford, of Danville.

Officers were elected at the session yesterday and last night a memorial service was held at the colored Methodist church.

Romantic Wedding.

Danville, Ky., Aug. 5.—Miss Susan Kincaid, daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth Kincaid, of Danville, was married, at 11 o'clock, this morning, to Lucien Da Noel, while the groom was thought to be perhaps on his death bed.

Mr. Noel, who graduated at Princeton College this summer, went to Mt. Carmel to preach, and was stricken with illness. Miss Kincaid went to his bedside with members of his family, and upon her arrival there the marriage was decided upon in order that the young minister might have his bride with members of his family. The ceremony was pronounced with the bride standing at the bedside of the sick man, who was almost too weak to respond. The couple were to have been married in September.

The bride is a sister to Judge C. E. Kincaid, and the groom a son of Henry Noel, of Lancaster. He was the winner of the first Kentucky inter-collegiate oratorical contest.

Struck It Rich.

Paintsville, Ky., Aug. 5.—A surprise was caused yesterday at Pikeville by the marriage of Hon. Sam J. Salyer and Mrs. Kentucky Ferrell.

Mrs. Ferrell is fifty-nine years of age and the widow of the late Rich and N. Ferrell. She has a controlling interest in the bank of Pikeville and her wealth is estimated to exceed \$150,000.

Mr. Salyer is only thirty-two years old, and is a former citizen of West Liberty. Two years ago he resigned the position of County Attorney for Morgan county and removed to Pikeville. He is a brother of State Senator John P. Salyer, the well-known politician of Morgan county. At a recent election of directors for the bank of Pikeville Mrs. Ferrell controlled the affairs and had Salyer elected President of the bank.

An hour before their marriage Mrs. Ferrell decided to Salyer one half interest in her entire estate. Mr. Salyer and Mrs. Ferrell stand high in society and their marriage under the circumstances was a great surprise to their friends.

Lind a Vote Getter.

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 3.—The Minnesota State Democratic Convention, which will be held in this city to-morrow promises to be one of the most important gatherings, particularly speaking, ever held in this state. For the head of the ticket, the name of John Lind, of New Ulm, a free silver Republican, has the undivided support of the convention. Every delegation has Lind instructions. The Democrats will nominate two other state officers, probably secretary of state and treasurer, leaving lieutenant governor and attorney general for the Populists, who meet in state convention August 24. With fusion of this sort it is admitted by even the Clough people that the chances for Lind for the nation are excellent, and that Lind is one of the best vote getters in the state and is looked upon as an exceedingly bright man.

ALABAMA LEADS.

DEMOCRACY SWEEPS THE STATE BY 50,000 MAJORITY.

First Blood for Free Silver—Jos. F. Johnston, the New Governor an Original Silver Man.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 4.—Fuller returns from yesterday's State election confirm the first reports of sweeping Democratic victory. Official and estimated returns based on the returns of a majority of the precincts in the counties show that Johnston and the Democratic ticket have carried forty-five out of sixty-six counties. The Democrats are claiming four other counties not yet heard from, with the probability that they have carried them. Goodwin and the fusion ticket carried fifteen counties and probably two others. Returns from thirty counties give Johnston a majority of 50,000. Johnston's majority to date 42,753. It is probable that returns from the other six counties and efficient leaders of the party are now estimated will increase Johnston's majority to 45,000 or 46,000.

Two years ago Kolb, fusionist, carried thirty-three counties and Johnston, Democrat, thirty-three. Yesterday the Democrats carried fifteen counties that went for Kolb in 1894, with the probability of an official return showing one or two more, while they lost none of those that Oates carried. Oates' majority of 27,852 in 1894 is nearly doubled this year by Johnston.

In the legislature the Democrats have gained at least fourteen members of the House, giving them a total of seventy-eight out of 100 members, while they have elected eleven out of seventeen Senators, which, added to their thirteen hold-over members, will give them twenty-four out of thirty-three members of the body. Thus they will have three-fourths of all the legislature.

Victory for City Judges.

Frankfort, Ky., August 1.—At a special term of the Franklin Circuit Court yesterday Judge Cantrell decided the case of Thompson vs. Auditor Stone in favor of the plaintiff.

Judge Thompson in City Judge of Louisville and recently was allowed \$2 for each case the first day of an examining trial in a felony case and \$1 for each day or part of day thereafter. Auditor Stone, on advice of the Attorney General, refused to pay more than \$2 for any one day, no matter how many different cases were tried on that day.

Judge Thompson asked for a mandamus to compel the Auditor to pay the \$2 in each case, and Judge Cantrell granted the writ to-day. This is the same sort of a claim that State Inspector Lester reported adversely on in examining Courts in Bowling Green and other towns in the state, and the decision to-day affects all City Judges that hold examining trials in felony cases. The Auditor will take the case to the Court of Appeals.

Three Live Mice.

Russellville, Ky., Aug. 5.—A negro near Auburn, in this county, last week swallowed three live mice. He is a half-witted negro whose given name is Andy, but whose other name, if he has any, could not be learned. While stacking wheat a nest of mice was discovered and one of the other hands offered Andy an old pipe if he would swallow three of them. Andy picked out three young ones which had no hair on their bodies and then swallowed another after another and smacked his lips as if he had partaken of a repast of possum or watermelon. He suffered no evil effects whatever from this novel diet, but digested the mice with as much apparent ease as he did his dinner.

The feat was witnessed by and is touched for by George Pottinger, a well-to-do farmer, living between Auburn and South Union.

Double Marriage in a Stable.

Clarksville, Tenn., Aug. 5.—Two clothing couples were wedded in a livery stable here to-day by Magistrate Caldwell. The contracting parties were B. F. Thaxton and Mrs. Elizabeth Thaxton, of Clarksville, and P. D. Atkins, of Montgomery county, and Miss Mattie Gupion, of Chertan county.

Caddy Notes.

Casky, Aug. 4.—Miss Jennie Winfree has returned from Dawson.

James Smith, of Hopkinsville, is visiting friends at this place.

Babe Watson, son of N. T. Watson, is very ill.

Miss Ida Winfree has started her school and has a good many pupils.

Joins the Silver Forces.

Manakt, Minn., August 3.—Frank A. Day, at present the Republican Lieutenant-Governor of the State, was to-day nominated for congress unanimously by the Democrats of the Second district. Day has left the Republican party to join the silver forces.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

Hold Instructions Given for Dr. J. D. Clardy.

The Democratic county convention to send delegates to the Congressional convention at Madisonville, Monday, was called to order at 2 p. m., Wednesday, by County Chairman Isaac Garrott. Mr. Garrott was elected permanent chairman and Mr. T. C. Underwood permanent secretary.

Upon a call of precincts all were found represented excepting Bainbridge, East's School House, Laurip's, Baker's Mill, and Bluff Spring. All of the 23 precincts reporting were instructed for Clardy.

On motion a committee of five was appointed on resolutions, viz: W. A. Wilgus, T. J. Morrow, J. E. Moseley, W. A. Wilgus and Dr. B. F. Eager.

The committee reported as follows: Resolved, That we, the representatives of the Democratic party of Christian county in convention assembled, reaffirm our allegiance to the principles of the party as set forth in the national platform adopted at Chicago July 7, 1896, and endorse and ratify the nomination of our standard bearers, Bryan and Sewall, and pledge our support to the ticket that we believe will lead us to a signal triumph in November. We further call upon all good citizens holding to the principles of the Democratic platform, no matter what may have been their party affiliations in the past, to co-operate with us in the election of our nominees in the great contest now being waged between the allied money power of the world and the people of the United States.

Resolved, That the following delegates be appointed to the District convention at Madisonville, and instructed to cast the 12 votes of Christian county for Hon. J. D. Clardy for Congress.

Chas. M. Mescham, James West, W. A. Wilgus, Dr. B. F. Eager, T. J. Morrow, J. W. Riley, T. C. Underwood, Frank Monroe, F. C. Clardy, H. Tandy, R. L. Moseley, Jonett Henry, Isaac Garrott, D. Brown, T. L. Graham, T. L. Moss, R. A. Elgin, W. R. Oates, Chas. Knight, J. Buckner, Geo. E. Gary, C. K. W. L. Brasher, W. L. Parker and all other good Democrats of Christian county.

Dr. Clardy made a brief speech, thanking his friends and neighbors for their support and the convention adjourned.

BUTCHERED HIS FAMILY.

Insane Man's Horrible Crime Near Providence, Ky.

Providence, Aug. 3.—News reached here at daylight this morning of a horrible family butchery near Clay, eight mile west of this place.

Tom Brown, an insane tobacco farmer, had brutally and terribly butchered his family, consisting of a wife, mother-in-law and a baby, last night about 12 o'clock, using an ax.

His mother-in-law, Mrs. Cash, was beaten with the poll of the ax, while his wife was chopped with the blade. The baby was beaten in the face and the best of the family was clubbed and the infatuated madman and father.

After the terrible atrocity had been committed Brown went to the house of Mr. Muir, his nearest neighbor, and told him what he had done and asked Mr. Muir to shoot him, he desired to be killed.

While the victims of the madman's rage were not killed outright, no hope is entertained for their recovery. Mescham was sent to the hospital for additional surgical assistance, who left for the scene of the tragedy at once. Brown is a feeble minded fellow. He is in custody, a pitiful wreck of human reason, and bewailing his condition, but divested of sufficient reason to realize the enormity of his crime.

Millions of Tobacco Worms.

The farmers of this and adjoining counties are in a state of alarm this year because of the millions of worms that have appeared and are destroying the growing crop at a rapid rate. A week or so ago there was every indication that there would be a splendid crop this fall, but the outlook now is very gloomy. Hands to worm tobacco are paid all the way from \$1 to \$1.25 per day, and many counties are being hit by the price. From every section of the county comes the report that there are millions of worms. A number of tobacco patches have been abandoned and the worms have a clear track. In Trigg county a large percent of the crop has been turned out. Some farmers are spraying their crops with Paris green as an experiment, to kill the worms.

The lawyers of Lebanon have passed a resolution imposing a fine of \$1 on any one of their number who broaches the currency question in court house square. Mr. Lee, a well-known lawyer, was the first to get into trouble, and he paid up according to agreement, in a dollar's worth of watermelon.

BRYAN AND SEWALL.

The Standard Bearers Chosen by the National Democracy.

Romantic Career of William Jennings Bryan—His Powers as an Orator and Pleader—Beautiful Family Life.

William Jennings Bryan was born in Salem, Marion county, Ill., on March 19, 1856. At the age of 15 he entered the common law academy at Jacksonville, Ill. In 1877 he entered Illinois college and graduated valedictorian in 1881. For the next two years he attended Union law college in Chicago, serving in the office of Lyman Trumbull, and after graduating he entered practice at Jacksonville, Ill. In 1877 he removed to Lincoln, Neb., and became a member of the law firm of Abbott & Bryan. He was elected to Congress in the First Nebraska district in 1890 over W. J. Connelley, of Omaha, and re-elected in 1892 over Allen W. Field, of Lincoln.



WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.

In 1894 Mr. Bryan defeated a third nomination and was nominated by the democratic state convention for United States senator by the unanimous vote of the convention. He polled 50,000 votes. The republicans, however, had a majority in the legislature and Bryan was defeated for the senatorship. Since Mr. Bryan's congressional term expired, he had devoted his time exclusively to spreading the doctrine of free silver.

Mr. Bryan first appeared in the political arena of Nebraska in the campaign of 1888, when he stumped the first district for J. Sterling Morton, nominee for congress. The same year he declined a nomination for lieutenant governor. On July 30, 1890, he was nominated for congress and wrote the platform on which he ran. Nobody but himself thought he could be elected.

He stumped the district on the tariff issue and won fame as a political orator throughout the state. He defeated his republican adversary solely by his power on the stump.

CHAMP CLARE'S TRIBUTE.

Consider Bryan One of the Greatest Orators of the Age.

In a recent interesting sketch of W. J. Bryan, Champ Clark, the Missouri senator and statesman, after drawing a comparison between Samuel J. Randall and Mr. Bryan, thus describes the latter:

"In four years' service Bryan established a far greater reputation than did Randall in the same length of time. Indeed, it may be said without any extravagance that when Bryan quit congress he had as widespread fame as Randall had when he died after 20 years of congress." Whether the Nebraskaian placed his ideas as deep into the minds of men as did the Pennsylvaniaian is an entirely different question; for as late as 1894 the line of cleavage made by Randall in the democratic party on the tariff was easily discernible to the naked eye, when 17 of his disciples in the Wilson bill, and several of whom had the will to bolt, but lacked the courage.

"Bryan is a collegiate scholar, and has stowed away in his capacious cranium much of the golden grain of wisdom and little of the husks, and it is all there for use, either as argument or embellishment. Some men are so ugly and ungrainly that it is a positive advantage to them as public speakers. Some are so handsome and graceful that they are on good terms with the audience before they open their lips. Of the latter class Bryan is a shining example. His appearance is a passport to the affections of his fellow men which all can read. He is the picture of health, mental, moral and physical. He stands abroad with feet set wide apart, 150, a massive head, a clean-shaven face, an aquiline nose, large under jaw, square chin, a broad chest, large nostrils, dark eyes, a mouth extending almost from ear to ear, teeth white as pearls, and hair—what there is left of it—black as midnight. Bunchy hair, a high forehead, a rufous tinge, which physiologists tell us is indicative of fluency of language and which was one of the chief beauties in the face of James G. Blaine.

"Bryan neglects none of the accessories of oratory. Nature richly endowed him with rare gifts. He is happy in attitude and pose. His features are on Rogers's line of beauty. Melancholia is the one word that most aptly describes his voice. It is strong enough to be heard by those inclined to music. It is so modulated as not to wear the ear with monotony and can be stern

and pathetic, fierce and gentle, serious and humorous, with the varying emotions of its master. In his youth Bryan must have been a staid teacher in a classroom and must have been a docile pupil. He adorns his speeches with illustrations from the classics or from the common occurrences of every day life with equal facility and facility. Some passages from his orations are gems and are being used as declamations by boys at school—their lifeline, tribute to American eloquence.

"But his crowning gift as an orator is his evident sincerity. He is candid, honest and, thoroughly believing what he says himself, it is no marvel that he makes others believe.

"Bryan's first speech in the house—the one on the tariff in 1890—fixed his status as one of the crack orators of this generation. It astonished old stages, electrified the country and stimulated the ambition of every young man in the land. Eloquent carpers ingenuously predicted that he could never duplicate that famous performance. But he would be like a wasp, biggest when he is stung.



WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.

first hatched, and that his congressional song would be pitched in diminuendo instead of crescendo. But he utterly confounded these jealous Cassandras by delivering a speech on silver which must forever remain as a classic in congressional literature.

"If it did not increase his fame as much as his initial effort, it was for the devoted his time exclusively to spreading the doctrine of free silver. In 1894 Mr. Bryan defeated a third nomination and was nominated by the democratic state convention for United States senator by the unanimous vote of the convention. He polled 50,000 votes. The republicans, however, had a majority in the legislature and Bryan was defeated for the senatorship. Since Mr. Bryan's congressional term expired, he had devoted his time exclusively to spreading the doctrine of free silver.

HIS WIFE AND FAMILY.

Mr. Bryan is Her Husband's Mascot in All Affairs of Life.

Mr. Bryan lives well in a commodious dwelling in the fashionable part of Lincoln, Neb. His family consists of Mrs. Bryan, Ruth, aged 11, William J., Jr., aged six, and Grace, aged five.

The study—in which both Mr. and Mrs. Bryan have desks—is an attractive room, filled with books, statues and mementoes of campaigns. There are busts and portraits of noted men. In there are two butcher knives which Mr. Bryan used in the campaign with Field to refute the latter's boasts of the effects of high protection.

When Mr. Bryan was in Illinois college he boarded with Dr. H. K. Jones, a relative, who had been one of the famous Concord school. It was during Mr. Bryan's junior year at college that he met Miss Mary E. Bailey, a junior in the female academy at the same place. They became engaged the same year. She was graduated the day before Mr. Bryan was valedictorian of her class of eight, and was thus a fit match for him, who was valedictorian of his class of 15. She was born in Perry, Ill., where her father was a merchant.

The death of Mr. Bryan's father



MRS. WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

threatened to disturb his career, but he determined to continue his law studies and he entered the Union College of Law at Chicago in the fall of 1881. He was fortunate enough to get a place in the office of Lyman Trumbull, one of his warmest friends. He did hard work in the law school and was elected valedictorian (elective) by one vote. There were 24 in the class, and it was regarded as a good class. Mr. Bryan settled at once in the law office of his father-in-law. He had his usual "starvation period," but he had done so well in his first year that he and Miss Bailey were married October 4, 1884.

Mrs. Bryan is her husband's mascot. When the Bryan boom for president was launched in Nebraska Mrs. Bryan at once decided to accompany her husband. With a little of feminine superstition she regarded him in every instance where she had attended assemblies in which he was interested. He had won. When she remained away he always lost, and upon such occasions she invariably comforted him in the hour of defeat.

In the recent national committee meeting, when the Nebraska delegation was pending, she was not in the hotel where the case was decided. Bryan's opponents won. The next day she was a silent spectator at the Coliseum. The committee's report was reversed, and she waved her handkerchief with a greeting of joy to the Bryan silver delegates when the convention gave them the seats which her husband's political foes occupied the preceding day.

With a loyalty made eternal by a love that has never faltered, she saw the dream of her life shaping itself into a reality. Her husband now had an opportunity to address the convention. She knew that in the future of orators he would rise like a giant and that the standards would soon be at his feet. She knew that if he would open his mouth the convention would do the rest.

"I will be in the crowd to-day, William," she said, cheerily, on the day her husband was nominated at Chicago. "Remember, I am your mascot. Do your best. I have prayed for your nomination, and it will come if you speak to-day, as I believe you will."

Mrs. Bryan, who is a good-looking woman of medium build and height, is a few years the junior of her husband and quite in her mannerisms. A wealth of dark brown hair frames a face of intellectual attractiveness. Her dress is simplicity itself. She is a devoted wife and mother, and the issues of the day. Her home life is an ideal one. She cares comparatively little for society. Devotion to her husband, children and home are her prime characteristics. Her confidence in Mr. Bryan's future has always been his guiding star.

Mrs. Bryan is a lawyer, as well as her husband, and, although she has never practiced in the courts, she has often helped him in the preparation of his cases. She possesses good judgment and quick discernment. She studied law through sheer love of companionship for her husband, and was ad-



THE BRYAN HOME AT LINCOLN, NEB.

mitted to the Nebraska bar soon after they arrived there. She has a great fondness for politics, and accompanies her husband on his political campaigns. Her literary tastes are highly cultivated, and she has written much and well. She is a great favorite in Lincoln, where she is a leading member of Sorosis and other women's clubs.

"THE BOY ORATOR."

How the Democratic Candidate Won This Significant Title.

Bryan was a remarkable child in his tender years, and could read and write long before he was six years old. He received no special education when young except that gained by a few terms in the district school of his native village. The oratorical powers which have startled the people of the United States were developed at a very early age. When a mere boy, Bryan was accustomed to stand up before his playmates at school and pour forth words of eloquence.

This wonderful gift brought distinction to Bryan in his childhood, and when he had reached his 17th year his father took him to a great demonstration in Centralia, Ill., and there the boy began his political career. After hearing addresses from the most distinguished men in the state, the boy orator mounted the platform. There was an oppressive silence and a smile of derision as the young stripling made his appearance. The lad commenced to speak to the thousands before him in tones convincing and eloquent. He displayed a knowledge of the questions of the current campaign, which was simply startling to his auditors.

He had proceeded but a short time, when the audience had become weary of the long speech, and he was bound under the sway of his eloquence, soon a ripple of applause greeted the speaker. Then the audience, catching up the enthusiasm of the young speaker, became tumultuous, and he could scarcely proceed because of the deafening cheers which greeted every sentence. When he closed there was a tremendous outburst of enthusiasm. The men of the audience carried him upon their shoulders.

The most notable personal characteristic is his amiable disposition. He has a winning smile and a kind word for all.

"This," said an intimate friend, "with his personal magnetism, made him a universal favorite in Jacksonville, from which place he removed to Nebraska nine years ago. He was a member of the Presbyterian church and a leader in the movements of the young people in the congregation. I remember very well how he used to walk to church every Sunday with his wife and her blind father's 'lie' devotion to his afflicted father-in-law was touching. He was assiduous in his attentions to him, and I have seen them together hundreds of times, both happy, the one in the companionship and the kindness of the other, and the other beaming with affection for his wife's parent. Bryan's mother died recently in Marion county, Ill., where she had lived nearly all her life.

Bryan's first law case was in Jacksonville, 1880 or so. He was sent to the local justice's court to look after a case involving \$200 or so, which had arisen between two farmers. He was engaged in preparing his argument as if he had been arguing before the United States supreme court. He won the case, and when he entered the office, with his face beaming with smiles, he shouted: 'I have won my first case!'

In 1880, when Bryan was a law student, he was talking low tariff, just as he began to talk free silver more than three years ahead of the crowd. Just that time Mr. Bryan has been lecturing on his favorite themes of the tariff and the free coinage of silver in almost every state of the union. For a time he was the editor of an Omaha newspaper, but the editorial tripod was not as congenial to him as the stump and the platform, and he did not long remain in the same line.

A STUDENT OF ORATORY.

What His Old School Teacher Has to Say of Him.

Prof. S. S. Hamill, of Decatur, Ill., is the teacher under whom William J. Bryan studied oratory while he was attending Illinois college at Jacksonville. Mr. Hamill says it was Bryan's deep earnestness and inborn genius that made him the orator of national reputation that he is. "It was in 1878," said Prof. Hamill, "that Bryan first came into one of my classes. He was a good student, and stood first in all his studies,

but he was an awkward speaker. I had many pupils, but few who made the lasting impression on me that Bryan did. That was because of his intense and earnestness in that particular study. There were not many who studied oratory long, but with Bryan that seemed to be the one thing in which he wished to excel. He was not satisfied with the instruction in the class, but took a term in private, for which he paid me \$20.

"I remember about the first honor he won as a public speaker. He took part in a contest in declamation. He selected a familiar place to all students: 'McLean's Child,' and drilled on it for weeks. He had some misgivings about his success, even up to the last, but he won the first prize and made an impression that was never forgotten in the college. After that Bryan never lost an opportunity to declaim or make a speech.

"While other students were trying to



THE BRYAN CHILDREN.

beg off the programmes of literary societies for orations he took extra assignments and worked on all of them with the greatest earnestness. He made political speeches at the college in the following campaign and made some reputation for himself. After that he was often selected to represent the college in oratorical contests, and won honors for both the college and himself in them. I have rarely had a more determined or brilliant student. I recognized him then as a great speaker, and who was bound to make his mark by reason of the determination with which he went at all that he did."

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrup, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSOON,
Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
115 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quick nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Covington, Ark.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

Say! Did You See It? See What? WHY THOSE PRETTY SCREEN DOORS

MADE BY

DAGG & RICHARDS.

—ESTABLISHED IN 1852—

SAMUEL HODGSON,

Importer and Manufacturer

Marble and Granite Monuments, TABLETS, ETC.

Clarksville, Tennessee.

Mr. F. M. Whitlow, of Hopkinsville, Ky., is my solicitor.

W. A. P'Pool

For

CANNED GOODS, CHEAP. MASON'S FRUIT JARS. Quarts and Halves, Low Down.

HEINZ'S PICKLES, Catsups, Meat Dressing, etc., at Rock Bottom Prices.

Call and see me.

West Seventh Street.

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BAR, BARBER SHOP, HOT AND COLD BATHS

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CHAS. M. MEACHAM,

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Local reading notices sent per line.
Special Local 5 cents line each insertion.
Rate for standing advertisements furnished on application.

OFFICE 312 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1896.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.



FOR PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
OF NEBRASKA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
ARTHUR SEWALL,
OF MAINE.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

State—Jas. P. Tarrin, Kenton.
at large—W. B. Smith, Madison.
First—J. C. F. Curney, Fulton.
Second—C. W. Bransford, Davies.
Third—Ed B. Drake, Allen.
Fourth—Gus Brown, Breckinridge.
Fifth—Wallace McKay, Jefferson.
Sixth—Harvey Myers, Kenton.
Seventh—W. P. Kimball, Fayette.
Eighth—L. H. Carter, Anderson.
Ninth—W. G. Ramsey, Bath.
Tenth—T. J. Wells, Morgan.
Eleventh—Henry Beauchamp, Metcalfe.

FOR JUDGE COURT OF APPEALS,
JAMES D. WHITE,
OF BALLARD.

WE DEMAND the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender equally with gold for all debts, public and private.—Democratic National Platform, 1896.

Free coinage means that silver and gold bullion shall be coined without charge by the United States mints. Unlimited coinage means that all the gold and all the silver presented at the United States mints shall be coined into money.

The ratio of 16 to 1 means that the number of grains of pure silver in a silver dollar shall be sixteen times the number of grains of pure gold in a gold dollar.

By a full legal tender is meant that when a debtor offers either gold or silver to a creditor in any sum whatever, the creditor is bound to accept the same and discharge the debtor from his liability.

The Courier Journal's latest scheme is to have goldbugs from the silver men, who pretend to be silver men, write fool letters urging all sorts of ridiculous propositions, which the Courier Journal discusses editorially as "anecdotal admissions." These letters are signed "Convent," "Farmer" or some other such name, but it is easy enough to see that they are written in the Courier Journal office by some of the renegade Democrats who are posing as financiers of the John Sherman school. There are very few things a money shark can't hire somebody to do.

Dr. Clardy richly deserves the handsome endorsement he received. He has been faithful in all things. His record was without blemish. The people have great confidence in him. He will be elected with Bryan and Sewall in November by the largest majority that has been given in this district in many years.—Owensboro Messenger.

Tammany Hall has declared for Bryan and Sewall at a meeting of the Executive committee of 75, with only 4 dissenting votes. Bryan will accept the nomination at Madison Square next Wednesday and open the campaign for a constitutional money right under the noses of the Wall street gold gamblers.

The Republicans have nominated G. P. Thomas, the representative from Trigg county in the last legislature, as their candidate for Congress in the First District. Mr. Thomas is a young man about 26 years of age, who is about as near to Congress now as he ever will be.

Democrats of the State are cautioned not to be alarmed by the "uprising of Sound Money Democrats" in Hopkinsville. It is the same handful that knifed the ticket last year and there are not enough of them to make a ripple on the surface of Christian county politics. There may be 100 in the county, but 600 ready recruits from other parties will take their places in the great contest of the masses against the classes.

In many counties next week Democrats will attend the goldbug conventions and have fun out of the bolters by capturing their meetings and sending true Democrats to the Louisville powwow to break it up. This scheme of the silver men will doubtless cause some "mass conventions" to dwindle into secret caucuses in the back rooms of banks.

The Democratic campaign will be opened in Louisville to-morrow night with a big Bryan and Sewall ratification meeting on the court house steps. All railroads have given half-fare rates and the meeting is expected to be an eye-opener to the bolters and soreheads of Louisville. Many able speakers will deliver short addresses.

In Henderson county Dr. Clardy will get 160 and Tanner 531 of the 7 votes of the county. The delegates are W. J. Moore, Geo. Givens, H. M. Stanley, R. S. Easton, W. N. Royter, R. D. Vance and T. H. Beverley and six alternates.

Editor Clarence E. Woods, of the Richmond Register, was married Wednesday to Miss Mattie Chesault, of Richmond. They have gone to Rock Bridge Alum Springs, Va., to spend the honeymoon.

Senator Wolcott, one of the Republican Senators from Colorado, has announced that he will support the McKinley ticket, and Republicans of Denver have held a meeting and demanded his resignation.

Cornelius Vanderbil, Jr., and Miss Grace Wilson, several years his senior, who had been talking of getting married all summer, were united last Monday and left New York on a bridal tour.

Dr. Clardy came out of Davies county ball a vote better off than was at first announced. He will get 108 votes to 24 for Tanner, in the Madisonville convention.

The Missouri State Democratic convention is in session at St. Louis. Lou V. Stevens, a free silver banker, is likely to be the nominee for Governor.

The Democratic Congressional convention in the Third district will be held at Bowling Green, August 19. John S. Rhea is the only candidate.

A movement is on foot to get Ex-Gov. John Young Brown to run for Congress in the Louisville district, as a platform Democrat.

Hon. Richard P. Bland has been nominated for Congress by acclamation by the Democrats of the Eighth Missouri district.

Brunswick, Md., a Republican stronghold, has elected a Democratic mayor on a free silver platform. Maryland will be all right.

The Uniontown Telegram is getting out a daily during the fair and making a very creditable paper of it.

Senator Gorman, of Maryland, will assist in the management of the Democratic campaign.

Not a single Democratic paper in Indiana has bolted.

Hon. W. R. Morrison, of Illinois, will support the Democratic ticket.

Charles E. Bentley and James H. Southgate have accepted the nomination for President and Vice President respectively at the hands of the "National Prohibition party" which bolted from the regular Prohibition convention.

A white tramp, near St. Joseph, La., who confessed that he had outraged and murdered a respectable white woman of that vicinity, was tied to a tree, riddled with bullets and the body burned.

Mr. U. J. Holland, an old and highly respected citizen of Madisonville, died Monday. Mr. Holland was well known in manufacturing circles.

It is regarded as almost certain that Logan county Populists will support Rhea for Congress.

At Elizabethtown a white vagrant was sold at auction the purchased giving 12 1/2 for the man's time for six months.

Pure Blood

Blood means sound health. With pure, rich, healthy blood, the stomach and digestive organs will be vigorous, and there will be no dyspepsia. Rheumatism and Neuritis will be unknown. Scrofula and Salt Rheum will disappear. With pure

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Your nerves will be strong, and your sleep sound, sweet and refreshing. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood. That is why it cures so many diseases. That is why so many thousands take it to cure disease, retain good health, prevent sickness and suffering. Remember

It is the One True Blood Purifier. \$1 per bottle. Hood's Pills take, easy to operate. See cure Liver Ills; easy to operate. See

BRYAN'S LUCKY NUMBER.

And If Omens Be True He Will Be the President in 1897.
Louisville, Ky., July 13.—There is, perhaps, no superstition so general throughout the civilized world as that regarding the figure 13 being an unlucky number. How it originated, perhaps, will never be known, but it is generally attributed to the presence of the Twelve Apostles and Christ at the last supper. There is also a world-wide superstition regarding the figure seven being a lucky number; and throughout all the railroads of this country the engineers invariably select the 7 in preference to any other engine. It is said that many of the railroads omit numbering the engine 13, because it is difficult to get an engineer to take charge of it.

When the Democratic nominees for President, W. J. Bryan, arrived at Chicago several weeks before the convention convened, he put up a hotel the name of which is spelled with seven letters—Clifton. The clerk assigned him the room No. 7. The committee in charge of the arrangements had just seven coupons printed on the tickets of admission, and there were just seven business sessions.

THE CONVENTION FIELD.

The Democratic convention convened in the seventh month of the year—July—on the seventh day of the month, at a city the name of which is spelled with just seven letters—Chicago.

The name of the nominee, and by the way, there are just seven letters in his name, is spelled with seven letters, William—seven letters—W. J. Bryan, seven letters.

He was nominated by H. T. Lawis, seven letters, and the first State to vote for him was Georgia, which is spelled with seven letters. Mr. Bryan's name in a city named with seven letters, Lincoln, and the State whose vote secured him the nomination was Montana—seven letters. The chairman of the national committee in charge of the convention was Harry, seven letters, and the new chairman is S. M. White, seven letters. He wears a No. 7 shirt and a No. 7 hat, and there were just seven States that followed the standard of Nebraska for a long time before Illinois.

JOINED THE PROCESSION.

The name of the club Mrs. Bryan organized is spelled with seven letters—Serious—and he referred to just seven kinds of business men in his great speech that secured him seven letters. There were seven candidates for president nominated before the convention, and the sleeping car that carried him to Chicago was the "Befronia," seven letters.

If there is anything in this belief regarding the figure 7, W. J. Bryan, who is in his thirty-seventh year, will be inaugurated president, March 4, 1897. The fact that McKinley was nominated for president on the anniversary of the battle of Waterloo is significant of his defeat.

Seven is a sacred number, made so by the Supreme Creator of the universe, for in six days He created the heavens and the earth, and on the seventh day He rested.

In Memory of Our Darling.

Myrtle, little daughter of W. H. and Allie Hill, died June 30, of diph. She was born Sept. 1, 1895. She had been ill about a week, but the Lord in his wisdom and goodness saw fit to call her to that home where there is no sickness nor suffering. She was too bright and innocent for this world's trials and troubles. When we walk into the garden, we pick the fairest rose; just so it is with the Lord. He snatches the fairest and dearest from our hearts and leaves them dead and almost broken, yet He has a wise purpose in all.

Mourn not loved ones, although our darling babe is gone, where she can never return. But we have the consolation in our hearts, that we have a sweet promise, to meet her in Heaven if we are faithful, and then there will be no parting.

Oh! how true those sweet words are: "A precious one from us is gone. But voice we loved is in our ears. A place is vacant in our hearts."

Sinking Fork, Ky., July 31, 1896.
M. E. W.

Hard luck is almost a synonym for laziness.

For Square Dealing,

Low Prices,
Honest Goods,
The MAMMOTH
Clothing & Shoe Co.

Gas Stoves

for cooking and baking. Special inducements offered. All stoves are put in and guaranteed by HOPKINSVILLE GAS & LIGHTING CO.

For Sale or Rent.
The Mrs. L. J. Fletcher farm near Oak Grove, 1/4 mile from pike, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. Will also consider propositions from desirable parties or share croppers. Apply for further information to Miss ALBERTA FLATHEAD, OAK GROVE, KY.

W. W. GRAY. MONROE WATTS.

Gray & Watts, TONSORIAL ARTISTS.

WEST SEVENTH STREET, ELKS BUILDING.
Clean shavals and everything first-class. Give us a call.

SPECIAL LOCALS.

Senators, Congressmen, Judges, great Lawyers, Professors, ALL professions, J. W. HANSEN, WHEELER, superior to the finest French Brandy. The leading physicians prescribe it on account of its purity.
For sale by W. R. LONG, HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

Dissolution.

The firm of Pyle & Renshaw has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, F. P. Renshaw retiring. A. W. Pyle will conduct the business at the old stand.
All persons indebted to Pyle & Renshaw will do well to come forward at once and settle. The business must be settled. Either of us will write you a receipt with pleasure. A hint to the wise is sufficient.
A. W. PYLE, F. P. RENSHAW.
—The next session of Hopkinsville High School, for young men and boys, will open August 24th, 1896. For terms, etc., call on J. O. FERRANT, Hopkinsville, Ky.

Farm For Sale.

—I have a farm for sale, situated one mile from Fairview on the Kirksmansville road, in Christian county, and containing 155 acres. About 100 acres in cultivation. Good dwelling, and out buildings. Plenty of water. Address W. H. STANLEY, Hopkinsville, Ky.

There has been an epidemic of failures all over the country this week, some of them for millions of dollars and yet we are told in the Republican platform that we must not tamper with "the existing gold standard."

How's This.

We offer \$100 dollar reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.
We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all his business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. West & Trux, Wholesale druggists, Toledo, O.
Walding, Kinnear & Martin, Wholesale druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's family pills are the best.

Graves & Condy, Jewelers,

Sell Right Goods at Right Prices.
We make a specialty of Repairing and will give you satisfaction.
Agents for the leading Sewing Machines. Also carry full stock Supplies.

CUPID IN QUEST OF THE SUMMER GIRL...

When inquiring where he could get an elegant suit made for him, such as is worn by the exquisite swell at Newport or Bar Harbor, was directed by one of them to Clark's, where no one ever failed to get the most perfect fit, latest style, choice reasonable goods and a disagreeable appearance at a reasonable price.
OPERA BUILDING

The State College of Kentucky

Opens September 10th, 1896.
Instruction is provided in Agriculture, Horticulture, Mechanical Engineering, Civil Engineering, Classics, Normal School Work and in three Scientific Courses of Study: viz. Chemical, Biological and Mathematical.
County appointees receive tuition, matriculation, room rent, fuel and lights free. County appointees who remain ten consecutive months or one year also receive travelling expenses. Board in Dormitory \$2.25 per week; in private families \$3.00 to \$4.00.
For catalogues and other information, address, James K. Patterson, Ph. D., LL. D., President, LEXINGTON, KY.

FOWLER, DICK & WALKER,

BOSTON STORE,
EVANSVILLE, IND.

OF IMPORTANCE TO LADIES.
SPRING AND SUMMER SEASON, 1896.
Buy from first hands. Import largely of Foreign Goods; sell exclusively for cash, and with these advantages are enabled to give Lower Prices than any House in Indiana. Shoppers who Send Orders by Mail will receive the same attention and low prices as if they were in the store in person. Departments of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Spring and Summer Suits, Wraps and Made-up Garments, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furnishings as complete as any in the West.
Send for their Catalogue and "Fashions," a handsome Monthly Magazine—Both will be sent you free. This is the largest Dry Goods House in Indiana.

THIS AND THAT.

—Since the discovery of photography an immense amount of silver, estimated to exceed \$3,000,000 a year, is used and lost in this business.

—The frog deposits its eggs in shallow water, where the warmth of the sun promotes speedy hatching. The common snake often selects a bed of decomposed vegetable matter. The crocodile and the alligator are tortoise go ashore to lay their eggs.

—In one of the rural districts of Maine a conscientious Christian woman keeps a little store in her house. Happening in one Sunday a neighbor asked the good lady if it were against her principles to sell him a stick of candy on that day. She placidly replied: "I can't do it, but my husband will."

—Probably the oldest timber in the world which has been subject to the use of man is found in the ancient temples of Egypt, in connection with stonework, which is known to be at least 4,000 years old. This, the only wood used in the construction of the temples, is in the form of ties, holding the end of one stem to another.

—Curtis Harrison, a Montana hunter, killed three bears in the Big Hole country the other day. One of the animals was a black bear, one a grizzly and the third one a silver tip bear. The hide of the grizzly was said to be as large as that of an ordinary cow and the carcass weighed over 500 pounds.

—At the recent meeting of the charities and correction conference at Grand Rapids, Mich., Judge Grant, of the Michigan supreme court, said: "The state prison should not be a place for turkey dinners, socials, ball games, literature and the like. It is a punishment when a prisoner sentenced to confinement is allowed to wait upon the family of the warden, or to have some other easy place, which is generally as good for him as he would have outside. In some cases we find the prison cells decorated with lace curtains and tables covered with the best books of the day."

AN ARISTOCRATIC PAUPER.

Run Through \$80,000. Then Worked on a City Woodpile.

Among those provided with food and shelter at the Municipal lodging house recently was a young man whose dress would scarcely indicate that he had been reduced to a penniless condition, neither would it be inferred from his actions that he was accustomed to a life of luxury. His accommodations furnished free by a charitable community. For three days and nights he was obliged to remain under the roof of that institution. One of the rules of the home, for the inmate is that he must exert a certain amount of energy upon the woodpile. In this way any individual may earn a night's lodging or a meal of victuals.

Theodore Frazer was the name registered upon the book, but the name signified nothing in particular, and it was not for two days that the remarkable history of the young man was learned. He had taken his turn at the woodpile, and, although quite awkward in the use of a buck-saw, he paid the price asked for the accommodation afforded him. Supt. Carter of the lodging house observed that Frazer carried an unusual amount of gold in his teeth.

"Nearly every tooth in my head is crowned with gold, and what is more, I have a diamond set tooth," Frazer told the superintendent. Then he showed an incisor in which was set a solitaire a little less than half a carat in weight.

"I had that put in there when I had more money than I knew what to do with," he observed.

"All through my life I was provided with good things this world affords, and my father being a prosperous man left me at his death the sum of \$80,000, principally in currency or that which could be easily converted. In less than 18 months after the money was placed at my disposal it had all slipped through my hands, and I found myself one morning a pauper."

The young man's father realized a fortune from the sale of an iron mine in the south, but just where the son did not care to say. His father's history was all he would tell in registering for his first night's lodging he gave Memphis, Tenn., as his address, and that is probably his former home. He is now 24 years old and came into existence about the time he attained his majority.

The Work of Our Mints.

The United States mints have coined \$210,703,700 in double eagles, \$209,127,220 in \$10 gold pieces, \$212,921,675 in \$5 gold pieces, \$1,619,376 in \$3 gold pieces, \$38,681,006 in \$2.50 gold pieces, and \$19,489,357 in gold dollars.

Youth Needs Sleep.

Every person under 21 years of age needs nine hours' rest out of 24. So says Dr. Cold, an eminent German physician.

THE FESTIVE CENTIPEDE.

A Western Mining Engineer Relates a Growsome Experience.

(Copyright, 1894.)

"Rattlesnakes, scorpions, tarantulas, Gila monsters—they are all good things to keep away from," said a mining engineer recently returned from the west, "but for all around haterfiness they simply aren't in it with a centipede. No, they are not necessarily fatal. No poisonous insects are, notwithstanding the stories one hears to the contrary. But they are bad enough. Did you ever see one? They are not pretty, and they don't look in the least like these thousand legged worms which we call centipedes here. The genuine thing may be anywhere from one to six inches long. I killed two, each eight inches in length, but that is not common. Their bodies consist of a lot of joints, something like a string of flattened beads. Each joint has two legs connected with it, and in the center of these lies the poison. There are 19 joints, so that, although he hasn't 100 feet, as his namesakes, he is still very well provided with them. Thirty-eight legs and every leg a sting! He can't attack you from the ground, of course. He doesn't have to, for it is at night when there is the greatest danger from these pests.

"He is of an investigating turn of mind, and is fond of exploring one's body as it lies asleep. Scorpions or any of the other creatures sting only when they wish to in self-defense; but with a centipede it is different.

"He may simply walk over one, with each step making something over three dozen foot prints, and each of these will leave a running sore, around which the flesh will finally slough off—a horrible scar being the result. If the creature is angered or startled—and it takes very little to annoy him—every claw is instantly driven into the flesh, and the result is ten times worse.

"So far as speed of traveling goes, the centipede would be lost in the turn of many smaller insects; but in this clinching specialty of his, I think he must be the quickest creature that lives.

"There was a remarkable case in point which took place during this last trip of mine," continued the engineer.

"We were camped somewhere near the southern end of the line dividing New Mexico from Arizona. It was just dawn when something woke me. My instrument man and a roddman lay on the opposite side of the little open tent. The roddman was also awake, and was gazing silently, with an expression of horror on his face, at the bare chest of his companion. Then, from under the arm of the sleeping man, appeared the linked body of a big centipede, fully six inches long.

"It went forward a little way and stopped; then crawled leisurely on again. There was nothing to do that I could think of. A sudden movement, a sound, or even a shadow, would at once cause the brute to fasten himself.

"The warmth of the body seemed to please him, and he stopped again. Luckily the transmittant never stirred. The insect was ghastly, and I saw the roddman's hand gradually—very gradually—move toward the saddle which served him as a pillow, disappearing under it. Then it slowly emerged, grasping a heavy pistol, cocked. Always with the same deliberation, the muzzle was brought to within a few inches of the centipede; the barrel carefully pointed so that it would just miss the man's breast, and the trigger pulled. The sleeper awoke with a scream, starting up and trying to clutch at the place, but before he could do so, he had plinned his hands and forced him back. The centipede, naturally, was blown to dust, but between the time that bullet left the pistol, two inches away, and reached the end of his six-inch body, the creature had found time to bury seven of his 38 legs.

"We never thought the injured man would survive, but after weeks of delirium he began slowly to recover. When the obstinate wound had healed the scar was as though a red hot ladle had been laid across the man's body; the path of the centipede forming the handle, and the bowl, a place as large as one's hand, made by the dying clinch. I'll take my scorpions straight, if I have a choice. No centipedes in mine."

WOLCOTT LOCKLEAR BEARD.

The Dollar Sign.

Seven different explanations have been made of the origin of the dollar mark, one of the most reasonable making it a contraction of the letters U. S. written over each other in the style of a monogram, while another declares it to be a contraction of the emblem formerly used on a Spanish piece of eight. This was a rude representation of the pillars of Hercules, crossed and united by a scroll, with the motto *E PLURIBUS UNUM*. The hurried attempt to represent this device in written characters resulted, it is said, in the sign now used.

RUFUS LOCKWOOD.

Noted Lawyer Hired Himself Out by the Day.

With the name of Rufus Lockwood is recalled to mind one of the most extraordinary geniuses that the state of California ever produced. It is years now since Lockwood held sway in the courts of San Francisco. He was, in his day, perhaps the best lawyer in the state, and it was only because of his utter indifference to pecuniary matters that he did not leave a large fortune behind him.

Lockwood went at one time to Horace Hawes, a very distinguished lawyer, and the author of the consolidation act which is now in force. Hawes had a reputation for close figuring, and Lockwood knew it. He said: "Mr. Hawes, I'll hire myself to you for one year from date at a salary of \$25 a day, payable every night."

"All right," said Hawes, delighted to engage the services of the brightest mind in the state at so low a figure—for the salary was not a great one in those days—and the bargain was sealed. It was 11 o'clock in the morning. But from that time on, it is said, Hawes never missed an opportunity of reminding Lockwood of his bondage. He would say, in the presence of others: "Lockwood, go fetch that book; Lockwood, do this or that," etc. Lockwood never said a word, but did as he was bidden, and Hawes enjoyed his triumph.

Finally it came to the day when the year's engagement terminated. There was a most important lawsuit on hand, which Lockwood had made a careful study of; no one in the state could possibly have handled it as he did. Well, on the day in question Lockwood stood in court, an array of law books in front of him, and expounded his views in masterly fashion. Suddenly he looked up at the clock and saw that it was the hour of 11. Closing the book from which he was quoting, he turned to Hawes, who was sitting beside him, and said: "Mr. Hawes, a year ago to-day at this hour I contracted to work for you for one year. My time's up, the contract is canceled and I am going."

Thus did he repay his master for the humiliation heaped upon him. Hawes was in the great consternation; he could not possibly take up the thread of the case where Lockwood had left it and he begged and implored him to proceed. But Lockwood remembered, and he turned a deaf ear to all persuasions. He kept his word; the contract had expired.—San Francisco Bulletin.

A SILENT SMUGGLER.

An Ingenious Trick Recently Explored in Paris.

An ingenious smuggling trick was recently accidentally exposed in Paris. Every afternoon a dog wags past a handsome carriage, drawn by two fine horses and occupied by a well-dressed woman, has driven out of Paris, and after an absence of a couple of hours, would drive back into the city. The lady was accompanied by an invalid, a man with the high collar of his overcoat turned up to his ears and his hat drawn over his brows, so that a very small portion of his pale face was visible. The customs officials always open the door of any passing carriage, and ask in a perfunctory way if its inmates have anything to declare, but they never make any investigation, and the party might have continued its daily ripes for years to come but for an accident.

On opening the carriage door the other day, the official noticed that the lady had dropped her handkerchief on the floor of the carriage and gallantly hastened to pick it up, but in his haste struck violently against the invalid's legs. He apologized civilly, but the invalid paid no more attention to the apology than he had to the blow, and the official, thinking his silence mysterious, laid his hand on the invalid's shoulder, whereupon, to his utter amazement, the lady opened the carriage door and alighted as the coachman descended from his box, and both took to their heels, leaving their equipage and their companion.

The cause of their mysterious flight was soon discovered. The invalid was made of tin, with a wax head, and the tin body was filled with brandy. To judge from the length of time this fraud has been kept up, the profits must have been very large, but the swindlers have not yet been caught, so it is a matter of speculation merely as to the identity of the people who organized so elaborate and successful a scheme.—N. Y. Weekly.

Height of Waves.

Dr. Schott does not think that the maximum height of the waves is very great. Some observers have estimated it at 60 or 65 feet in a wind of the force represented by 11 on the Beaufort scale (the highest number of which is 12), and Dr. Schott's maximum is just 32 feet. He believes that in great tempests the waves more than 60 feet are rare, and even those of 50 feet are exceptional. In the ordinary trade winds the height is five or six feet.

What's This?

Its Something You Ought To Have....



In fact it is something you cannot well afford to be without. It is the

Best Range...

ever manufactured. We speak advisedly.

We are borne out in this statement by the testimony of hundreds of people in this county, who are using the MAJESTIC.

The saving in full will pay an 8 per cent. dividend on a \$300 investment. All its heat is applied to cooking and not wasted in making the kitchen too hot to stay in. The oven cannot crack and is

Absolutely Air Tight

Hence you will have no smoked food. It cooks uniformly and quickly. Dyspepsia arises from eating badly cooked food. This RANGE keeps an abundant supply of hot water always on hand. We repeat, you cannot afford to be without one.

FORBES & BRO.

10th and Main Sts.



"A Scorching."

Battle Ax PLUG

Tobacco Dealers say, that "BATTLE AX" is a "scorching" because it sells so fast. Tobacco Chewers say, it is a "scorching" because 5 cents' worth goes so far. It's as good as can be made regardless of cost. The 5 cent piece is almost as large as the other fellows' 10 cent piece.

GERMAN LIVER SYRUP.

The only sure cure for Constipation and Piles in the world. Permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dizziness, Nervous Prostration, Sick Headache, Distress After Eating, Biliousness, Souring of Food, Sleepless Nights, Loss of Appetite, Pimples, Feet Tired, Bones Ache, Etc., Etc.

Dr. O. A. CARLSTEDT'S GERMAN LIVER SYRUP. Beware of cheap imitations or cheap imitations. Beware of cheap imitations or cheap imitations. Beware of cheap imitations or cheap imitations.

Dr. W. R. McDowell, the leading physician of Central City, Ky., says: "Dr. Carlstedt's German Liver Powder is the ideal medicine and should be in every home."

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Notice!

All persons indebted to the late firm of N. Tobin & Co. are requested to call and settle PROMPTLY as the business must be wound up.

ETIQUETTE OF CARDS.

Their Proper Size, Style and Information Regarding Their Usage. The fashionable visiting card is of moderate size, nearly square, fine in texture, white and thin. The address is printed in the right-hand corner, the day for receiving at the lower-left hand. And to be in good form the script should be clear and legible.

The sizes in visiting cards for married women are 2 1/2 inches by 3 1/2. For unmarried women, 2 1/2 by 3 1/2. For men, 1 1/2 by 3 1/2.

The English custom declares "that the oldest married lady in the oldest branch of a family need not have her husband's full name." In this case Mrs. John Robinson becomes Mrs. Robinson. But this is not generally adopted in America.

For a newly married couple, both names can be engraved on the same visiting card, such as:

MR. AND MRS. JOHN J. JONES, 4 West 7th St. Tuesday

These cards are purely for social obligations—in the acknowledgment of gifts and invitations for congratulations and condolences.

For the first two years after a young lady enters society her name is engraved on her mother's card. At the end of that time she is entitled to a card of her own.

A widow the first year of her bereavement has no cards, because she makes no visiting during that time. After that she may retain her husband's name. This is purely a matter of sentiment, although strict etiquette requires that her Christian name should be engraved with the prefix of Mrs.

Society declares that the hours of four to six in the afternoon is the time for card leaving.

If a call is made upon a day "at home," one card of the lady visiting and two of her husband's are left in a basket placed for the purpose.

An unmarried woman without her mother may leave cards for her father, or an uncle, if she resides with him.

In the first call of the season cards should be left for the gentlemen of a family.

No married lady should leave her husband's card for an unmarried lady. He will leave it himself.

When a call is made on a mother and daughter, two cards should be left—one card for the mother, one for the daughter whether married or single.

Two cards are necessary only for the ordinary call, unless the first call of the season; then cards should be left for each member in a family.

If the call should be made on a day that is not an "at home" one, she should send her card or cards to those whom she wishes to see. Servants, a clerk, cannot remember names, and a card sent obviates this difficulty.

If a call is made on a person visiting a house two cards should be sent, one for the visitor and one for the lady of the house.

A card should be left after a dinner or luncheon, dancing party or ball. But a reception, unless extremely formal, calls for no card.

Cards should never be left for the younger members of the family without including the elders.

Young people should call on their elders—not the reverse.

After a dinner party a lady should leave her husband's card as well as be accepted by the United States—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

THE FIRST TIME. When the Various States First Celebrated Memorial Day.

The day of the first celebration of Memorial day in the various states is as follows: Alabama, April 26, 1866; Arkansas, May 30, 1863; California, May 30, 1880; Colorado, May 30, 1877; Connecticut, May 30, 1876; Delaware, May 30, 1867; Florida, April 28, 1870; Georgia, April 28, 1866; Illinois, May 30, 1873; Indiana, May 30, 1867; Iowa, May 30, 1868; Kansas, May 30, 1866; Kentucky (Confed.), May 10, 1867; Kentucky (Union), May 18, 1863; Louisiana (Confed.), April 6, 1875; Louisiana (Union), April 1875; Maine, May 30, 1867; Maryland (Confed.), June 7, 1867; Maryland (Union), June 5, 1868; Massachusetts, May 30, 1861; Minnesota (Confed.), May 30, 1863; Minnesota (Union), May 30, 1870; Mississippi, May 1, 1867; Missouri, May 30, 1868; Nebraska, May 30, 1868; Nevada, May 30, 1863; New Hampshire, May 30, 1863; New Jersey, May 30, 1868; New York, May 30, 1868; North Carolina (Confed.), May 5, 1866; North Carolina (Union), May 30, 1866; Ohio, May 30, 1868; Oregon, May 30, 1875; Pennsylvania, May 30, 1868; Rhode Island, May 30, 1863; South Carolina, May 3, 1866; Tennessee, May 30, 1868; Texas, May 30, 1871; Vermont, May 30, 1869; Virginia (Confed.), May 31, 1866; Virginia (Union), May 11, 1863; Wisconsin (Confed.), May 30, 1873; Wisconsin (Union), May 30, 1873.

These were the first made in this country in 1770.

Last of the Potwallopers: Richard Atkinson, the last of the potwallopers, has just died at Potlatch at the age of 87. The potwallopers were outlawed out of existence by the reform act of 1832; they were the men who "billed their own pok," that is, earned their own living as the potwallopers of the parish, and who if they resided for six months in a borough, either as householders or lodgers, were entitled to a vote at parliamentary elections.

IDENTIFICATION BOOKS.

A Scheme for Proving Identity in Any Part of the World. Passports are intended primarily for the purpose of identification. The same idea is the object of a scheme which has been adopted lately by a number of the nations of the world. The question whether it shall be taken up by the United States is to be discussed at the convention to be held in Washington next winter. The idea referred to is nothing more or less than an identification book, which enables the holder to establish his identity wherever in the world he may be. This is often a matter of the utmost importance. Travelers ignorant of the language of the country through which they are journeying are apt to have trouble in securing money orders, and in various other ways. They may even find themselves stranded, for lack of the very funds which are waiting for them at the post office, simply because they are personally unknown.

It is mainly through agitation of the subject by tourists that the identification book has become an accomplished fact.

The book of identification is a small, green paper-covered book of convenient size for the pocket. It costs only ten cents, and may be bought at any post office. On the inside of the cover is placed a photograph of the holder, tied in place, and fastened by a sealed ribbon. This is attached the signature of the person. On opposite page is a declaration signed by the post office clerk, stating that the photograph and signature are genuine. Of course, the official witnesses the making of the signature and is easily able to determine whether the portrait is a likeness of the applicant or not.

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Enjoy Good Health.

Attention to your bowels and kidneys pay. Why with Diseases will you suffer, friend? With Prune Syrup Laxative your system mend. Constipation, biliousness and sick headache too.

Every form of debility it will cure for you. Its curative properties are world renowned. None better than Prune Syrup Laxative ever found.

It is the mother's friend, the father's pride. A long rest wait fully satisfied. Ask for Volckers' Prune Syrup Laxative and done others like.

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Dr. Matthew Henry Kollock.

Regular Graduate and Registered Physician. Formerly Assistant Surgeon in the U. S. Navy. Served in the U

The Great
7 Day Wonder Sale!

Begins
Saturday
—Morning—

—Greater,

—Grander,

MORE WONDERFUL THAN EVER BEFORE.

Cassell

HERE AND THERE

—Buckner & Owsley for Insurance.

—Dr. E. N. Fruit, Dentist, office over City Bank, Hopkinsville, Ky.

—The finest and largest line of toilet goods at Wallis' and at lowest prices.

—Seven-year old pure apple vinegar at Wallis' grocery.

—Wanted to buy or sell bank stock, GARNETT & MOORE.

—For rent, a small two-room cottage on 10th street, near Main. Apply here.

—Wanted—A good farm to work on shares for 57. Address Box 56, Kennedy, Ky.

G. W. Boyd has been appointed postmaster at Wallonia, Trigg county, vice R. K. Dyer resigned.

Flies have made their appearance in countless numbers and are warring life.

—Now is the time to use shredded wheat if your digestion is bad. Wallis' grocery is the place to get it.

—FOR RENT—A farm of 400 acres for a term of years. Situated near Herndon, Ky. Apply to R. C. Pace.

The Champion Tobacco Sprayer kills more worms in a day than ten men. Forbes & Bro., sole agents. Price \$5.00.

Lost, on Sunday, a bunch of keys with two postoffice keys. The finder will please return to Tryman & Baker.

Kill your tobacco worms with the Champion Tobacco Sprayer. It worms 8 acres per day. Price \$5.00. Forbes & Bro.

—You can find everything in the grocery line at Wallis' in low price as can be bought anywhere. One price to the monthly paying customer same as the cash customer.

—Lost—In this city, Aug. 2, lady's gold watch. Letters B. M. on outside case. No \$400. Short piece broken off hour hand. Liberal reward if found. Return to this office.

The L. A. N. will sell round trip tickets to Louisville at one fare, Aug. 18th and 19th, limited to Aug. 19th, recent National League of American Wheelmen's meet. J. M. Adams, Agent.

The Kentucky office has every facility for doing all kinds of pamphlet work in first class style and with unequalled dispatch. Send us your work. Samples sent and prices on application.

The will of the late William M. Jenkins, was probated Monday. He gave to his wife, Lizzie Jenkins, all his estate of every character and description, including his farm at Rock Springs and all personal property.

The entertainment Tuesday night of Miss Jennie Rice Richardson, at Pembroke, was well attended and pronounced by all a grand success. Quite a number of young people from neighboring towns were in attendance. Several from this city went out and enjoyed the pleasant occasion.

—Why suffer with Coughs, Colds and Grippe when Laxative Bromo Quinine will cure you in one day. Does not produce the ringing in the ears like Sulphate of Quinine. Put in tablets convenient for taking. Guaranteed to cure, or money refunded. Price 25 Cents. For sale by J. I. Cook, Hopkinsville, Ky.

FOR SALE OR RENT—On easy terms. An elegant home, large and comfy, on East 7th street, only six blocks from the court-house, the saltiest part of town on the main popular street and on the right side—free from dust and cyclones in summer. For particulars apply to M. D. Kistner, The Jeweler.

The will of the late Tom Drum was probated Monday. The following disposition of property: To Little Sisters of the Poor, for the benefit of the Old People's Home at Louisville, Ky. one fourth; to St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum at Louisville, one fourth; to the rate of the Catholic church at Hop-

kinsville, one fourth; and to his friend, Mrs. Annie E. Stoker, of Hopkinsville, one fourth.

Mr. John B. Trice was appointed executor without bond.

—FINE TAILORING. Have your clothes made, cleaned and repaired by Fomright, the Tailor and Cutter. Recognized by the trade as one of the best up-to-date cutters in the profession. Suits made from \$20 to \$50. Pants from \$5.00 to \$15. Bridge street, opposite New Era office.

Mr. H. E. Mann, of Philadelphia, is in the city to put in a new plant for the Hopkinsville Gas and Light Co. The building on the L & N will be added to, and entirely new machinery put in. The quality of the gas will be improved, the capacity increased and the plant greatly enhanced in value. The improvements will be finished by September 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Roper gave to their son, Hazel, a birthday party Tuesday evening, it being her sixth birthday. A number of her little friends were present and the evening was a delightful one. Refreshments were served and highly enjoyed by the little folks.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Long entertained Monday evening, the affair being in honor of their daughter, Miss Harriett, who celebrated her sixteenth birthday. Elegant refreshments were served and music was the feature of the evening. There were about fifteen couples present.

Gray & Watts, the up-to-date barbers, have opened a first class shop on the Elk building, on West Seventh street and extend an invitation to their old friends and patrons to call and see them when in need of tonsorial work. Their shop is elegantly fitted up and everything will be found clean and first-class. See their card for further particulars.

Mr. F. M. Girard has recently been fortunate in securing a Government position. He is now at Lock Keeper on Green River. The salary is \$45 per month and he is furnished a house and several acres of land. Mrs. Girard and Master Marion will not go to their new home until about the first of September. They will visit at the home of Mr. Henderson and Oak Grove during this month.

C. E. Tandy, the well known horse man, arrived from Hopkinsville yesterday morning with a handsome string of trotters and pacers. Mr. Tandy will be remembered, had the misfortune while here a few years ago of being kicked by a colt he was training, an injury which necessitated the amputation of his leg.—Uniontown Daily Telegram.

E. M. Neiten yesterday closed a contract with C. F. and L. P. Mulderer for the remodeling of the Hotel Henderson. Until period of the building on the West side will be raised another story which will give the building a greater capacity for accommodating the traveling public. Contractor Neiten will begin work right away and it will be pushed until the job is completed. When the remodeling addition is finished, Henderson will then have one of the best equipped hotels in the State.—Henderson News.

A. D. Rodgers, formerly manager of the Park Theater, has contracted for the Gabo Opera House on First street, and will conduct the same the coming season. It is intended to entirely rebuild the building and make it present a latter day appearance in every particular. No effort will be spared in the way of adding all conveniences possible.—Henderson News.

I have deferred advertising for taxes until Sept. 1st at which time all real estate upon which taxes are due for 1904 or 1905 will be advertised for sale. Hunt up your tax receipts and if you have not paid this back tax you can save cost if you want to. If you think this is only a "scare" wait and see. Mc J. Davis, S. C. C. Aug. 5, 1906.

—Take Vitalin Liver Pills.

PERSONAL GOSPEL.

Mr. Jno. G. Ellis has returned from Dawson.

Mr. Ed Boyd, of Texas, is visiting relatives in the city.

Mr. Jas. Daniel, of Paris, Tenn., is visiting relatives in the city.

Miss Ida McCauley is spending the week with friends in Logan county.

Miss Helen Royalty has returned from a visit of several weeks to relatives near Smith's Grove, Ky.

Mrs. V. D. Fox, returned from Union City, Tenn., this week and has taken rooms at Mr. A. W. Pyle's on South Main.

Mr. J. Hillman Miller and wife, of Cornington, Tenn., after spending a week at Dawson, are visiting relatives in the city.

Mr. Silas Bennett, a well known free silver merchant from Trenton, was in town yesterday. He says the tobacco worms in Todd have adopted the popular ratio of 16 worms to one plant.

Mr. H. E. Petree has moved his family from Clarksville to this city. He has the agency for the White sewing machine and will have an office in Mrs. A. W. Steele's millinery store on Ninth Street, where he would be pleased to see all his old friends.

SILVER IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Effective Work Will Carry the State for Bryan.

"I have lately been up in the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania," said Mr. W. J. Brennan, of the National, "and I want to tell you that free silver has won converts by the thousands in all that section. I talked with a great many of the men who worked in the mines, for, having formerly been a considerable employer of labor in the coal belt, I know scores of them personally. They nearly all told me that they were going to vote for Bryan. For many years the mine-workers have experienced the hardest sort of luck, and with an average employment of not over 100 days in the year, they have scarcely been able to make a living for the longer effort and organization, almost as bad off, for a large percent of them have seen their homes slip out of their possession through the depredations of farming lands and agricultural products.

"Knowing Pennsylvania as I do, I have no hesitation in saying that, for the proper effort and organization, and by the thorough canvass of the State on the part of men who can explain the silver side of the controversy to the people, it is debatable ground, and the Republicans would be put to their best trumps to carry it for McKinley. The idea that because it is usually heavily Republican, it is sure to go that way next November is as fallacious as the other notion that Senator Quay is all-powerful and can control the voters as he will.

Some Fine Stocks.

Messrs. Williams & Radford, proprietors of the Adelbert Hotel, will publish eight very fine thoroughbred yearlings to-morrow to New York to be sold by Wm. Easton at Sheep-heads bay, Aug. 18. These yearlings are all grown and in magnificent condition. If the people of this section feel a lack at this lot, as they will through Main Street enroute to the stock pen to-morrow morning.

Cost and Lime.

Call on Dalton and Blakestone for lump, put and best coal and lime. Read Health ordinance and buy your time from us. Telephone 112.

DALTON & BLAKESTONE.

Prof. Landon C. Metcalfe, who occupied the chair of physiology and mathematics at the Louisville Manual Training High School, was drowned last Monday while bathing in the Big Sandy river, in Pike county. Prof. Metcalfe had been in camp in the mountains with young Seamp Metcalfe.

TOBACCO NEWS.

LOUISVILLE MARKET.

(Published for the Kentucky Grower & Distributor.)

Sales on our market for the week just closed amount to 3464 bbls. with receipts for the same period 2,161 bbls. Sales on our market since Jan. 1st amount to 108,073 bbls. Sales of the crop of 1895 on our market to date amount to 103,871 bbls.

The offerings on our market this week embraced very little desirable burley leaf. There is no change to report in values and the market continues dull and unsatisfactory.

About the proportion of dark tobacco appeared on the market during the week and prices remained unchanged.

The following quotations fairly represent our market for dark tobacco, 1895 crop:

Trash.....\$1.00@1.25

Co. to med. lugs.....1.00@1.50

Dark rich lugs, extra quality.....2.00@3.50

Co. leaf.....2.50@3.50

Med. to good leaf.....3.50@6.00

Those Who Are Sick.

Mr. C. M. Brown is quite sick at his room on Court Street.

Mr. Chas. H. Bush is confined to his room with a serious attack of stomach trouble.

Mr. Frank Monroe is dangerously ill with flux.

Mr. W. E. Bryan continues quite sick at his father's on South Virginia Street.

Mr. L. U. Buckner, who has been critically ill for two weeks, is not improving any.

Compulsory Education Law.

Now that the fall terms of the public schools are beginning there is much inquiry concerning the terms of the compulsory education law, which is now in force.

Every parent, guardian or other person having control of a child between the ages of 7 and 14 years, must send the same to a public or private school at least eight consecutive weeks, unless the child is taught at home the same studies that are taught in the public schools, do, or unless mental or moral condition of the child render it impracticable for him to attend, or unless the child is excused by the trustees or Board of Education upon its being shown that parent or guardian is too poor to feed or clothe the child, or that the child is already known to the branches to be taught, or that there is no school house within two miles of where the child resides.

If a parent fails to send the child, unless under the foregoing conditions, shall be fined from five to twenty dollars for the first offense and from ten to fifty dollars for the subsequent offenses. It is the duty of school trustees of country districts and the president of city boards of education to investigate, master, and shall notify in writing any parent or guardian found remiss, and in five days if legal case is not shown shall proceed against the offender.

Any parent who shall make any false statement for the purpose of evading the law shall be fined from five to twenty dollars, and the fine is to go for the benefit of the district. If upon the trial of any case under the law, the prosecution is known to be malicious, the cost of the trial shall be assessed against complainant. Trials under this law may be held in the court of a Justice of the Peace or any other court of record.

To Cleanse the System.

Effectually to cleanse, when constive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds, or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

—The late Dr. J. P. Thomas' double strength digester, known as VITALIN, for the cure of dyspepsia, is for sale at Hardwick's and Elgin's.

MATRIMONIAL.

WESLEY HOOVER, JR.—At the house of the bride's parents in Cerulean on Wednesday of last week, Miss Annie Woodpepper and Mr. D. E. Woodson of Sweetwater, Ala., were united in marriage, Rev. J. C. Burkholder officiating. The best wishes of friends and relatives follow the couple to their Southern home—Caldix Telephone.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

E. S. Adams to M. B. Reynolds.

Oscar B. Mitchell to Mollie Mitchell.

Scavenger.

J. T. Hall, city scavenger, can be reached by telephone at any time. Call No. 152.

Irwin Barret, a young man of Louisville, married Miss Grace Goselin, a New York actress, in one hour after meeting her.

DEATHS.

EDWARDS.—Mrs. E. W. C. Edwards died Wednesday after a long illness, aged 42 years. The remains were taken to Elmo and interred yesterday afternoon.

The deficit in the state treasury is shown to be \$1,146,786.

16 TO 1

—50 lbs. Best Leaf Lard 16 to 1.

—Granulated Sugar - - - 16 to 1.

—Bacon Bellies - - - 16 to 1.

—Best Head Rice - - - 16 to 1.

—Best Prunes - - - 16 to 1.

I'll double the above offer.

—32 Bars Pretty Soap to 1.

—I also give 16 ounces to 1 pound.

E. H. PRICE, Corner 13th and Liberty Streets.

Machine Oil

From 15c Gal. on up

At J. O. Cook's.

9th St., Near L. & N. Depot.

Telephone 89.

SPECIAL LOCALS.

A. BOALES, D.D.S.

Dentist.

Office: South Main Street, middle of block opp. First Nat'l. Bank.

Office hours: From 8:30 to 12 and from 1 to 6.

Are You Going to the Picnic?

If so you should go to Clark's and provide yourself with all the dainty morsels that can only be found there. They have everything in stock, fresh and pure, in canned soups, sardines, meats, lobster for salads, olive oil, anchovies, jelly, biscuits, cheese, etc. Fruits and vegetables, as well as butter and eggs, are received daily.

WE UNDERBURY AND UNDERSELL.

E. B. Clark & Co., City Market House.

OFFICE: PHONE 64-1. 26 YEARS IN SAME OLD STAND. Up Stairs in Henry Block, Op. Opera House.

I Can Sell

FURNITURE AND KINDRED BRANCHES.

My expenses are light, as I am up stairs, and I will make it pay you to come and see me.

I am prepared to do Undertaking in all its branches. I am also a practical EMBROIDER. Refer you to those that have seen my work.

A. W. PYLE.